

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA  
ROCK HILL DIVISION

United States of America,

v.

Jasper Lamar Reeves,

Defendant.

Cr. No. 0:12-330-CMC

Opinion and Order

This matter is before the court on Defendant's *pro se* motion to "commute remainder of sentence and drop all charges." ECF No. 107.

Title 18 United States Code § 3582(c) limits the court's authority to modify a final judgment that includes a sentence of imprisonment to three specific circumstances. *See* 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c). The court can modify a judgment (1) upon motion of the Director of the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP") for statutorily-specified reasons, including "extraordinary and compelling reasons;" (2) upon motion of the government for substantial assistance; or (3) upon motion of the defendant of the BOP, or upon the court's own motion, because of a subsequent lowering of the applicable sentencing range. *Id.* None of these provisions apply to Defendant's request.

Apart from 18 U.S.C. § 3582, a district court has no jurisdiction to alter a defendant's term of imprisonment except as authorized by Rule 35(a) or 18 U.S.C. § 3742.

Rule 35(a) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure permits a court to "correct a sentence that resulted from arithmetical, technical, or other clear error" within fourteen days after the oral announcement of the sentence. *See* Rules 35(a) and (c), Fed.R.Crim.P. The sentence was orally announced on November 6, 2013, and, accordingly, the deadline for any action by the court on a

Rule 35(a) motion is well past. Therefore, the court is without jurisdiction to act upon Defendant's motion in this regard.

After an appeal, the court can modify a sentence if the sentence is found by the appellate court to have been imposed in violation of law or imposed as a result of an incorrect application of the sentencing guidelines, as provided for in 18 U.S.C. § 3742. Defendant did not appeal his sentence.

The court lacks jurisdiction to modify Defendant's sentence, and therefore, Defendant's motion for commutation of sentence or to drop all charges (ECF No. 107) is denied for lack of jurisdiction.<sup>1</sup>

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

s/ Cameron McGowan Currie  
CAMERON MCGOWAN CURRIE  
Senior United States District Judge

Columbia, South Carolina  
November 16, 2016

---

<sup>1</sup> Commutation is solely within the power of the president, and therefore this court has no ability to commute Defendant's sentence.

